

FarmLens Ltd

Website: farmlens.africa | App: app.farmlens.africa | Headquarters: Nairobi, Kenya



Crop details

Beetroot

Beta vulgaris

Family: Amaranthaceae

Categories

Vegetables

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Quick stats

<u>Family</u>	Amaranthaceae
<u>Typical harvest</u>	20.0 t/ha
<u>Varieties</u>	1
<u>Pests and diseases</u>	3
<u>Seasons</u>	0

Crop profile

<u>Growth habit</u>	biennial
<u>Days to harvest</u>	70-120
<u>Main uses</u>	Root vegetable
<u>Pollination</u>	wind
<u>Origin and where it grows</u>	Temperate; widely grown

Weather, soil and spacing

<u>Best temperature</u>	12 - 22 °C
<u>Rainfall</u>	400 - 700 mm/yr
<u>Altitude</u>	0 - 2600 m
<u>Best pH</u>	6.2 - 7
<u>Soil type</u>	Loose sandy loam
<u>Row spacing</u>	40 cm
<u>Plant spacing</u>	10 cm
<u>Planting depth</u>	2 cm
<u>Seed rate</u>	6 kg/ha

Simple notes for farmers

About the crop: This crop is biennial; it usually needs two seasons to complete its cycle. Harvest typically starts about 70-120 days after planting.

Main use: Farmers mostly grow this crop for root vegetable.

Pollination: Mainly wind; healthy flowers and pollinators improve fruit set.

Where it grows: Temperate; widely grown. Grouped under: Vegetables.

Best climate: 12 - 22 °C; 400 - 700 mm/yr; up to about 2600 m a.s.l.

Soil: Best at pH 6.2 - 7; loose sandy loam.

Farmer guide (Mwongozo wa Mkulima)

<u>Planting</u>	Direct seed into fine, firm seedbed; thin to spacing for uniform roots.
<u>Transplanting</u>	Transplanting not typical; can cause forked roots.
<u>Irrigation</u>	Maintain consistent moisture; avoid stress during root bulking.
<u>Fertigation</u>	Where drip is used, split N applications lightly through early to mid growth.
<u>Pest scouting</u>	Scout for leaf spots and leaf miners; remove affected leaves; rotate fields.
<u>Pruning and training</u>	Not required.
<u>Harvest</u>	Harvest at desired size before roots become woody; avoid damaging skins.
<u>Postharvest</u>	Shade-cure; store cool and humid; avoid desiccation to maintain firmness.

Nutrient schedule (Mbolea kwa Hatua)

#	Stage	DAP	Product	Rate	Targets (kg/ha)	Notes
1	Basal	0	NPK 12-24-12	90 kg/ha	N: N/A, P ₂ O ₅ : N/A, K ₂ O: N/A	N/A
2	Topdress	30	CAN 26% N	60 kg/ha	N: N/A, P ₂ O ₅ : N/A, K ₂ O: N/A	Irrigate after application

Nutrient requirements

Nutrient	Stage	Amount	Unit
N	Basal	40	kg/ha
P ₂ O ₅	Basal	30	kg/ha
K ₂ O	Basal	40	kg/ha
N	Topdress	20	kg/ha

Field images



Varieties

Name	Country	Maturity (days)	Traits
Detroit Dark Red	KE	90	Uniform roots

Fertilizer recommendations

Stage	Product	Rate	Notes
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Basal	NPK 12-24-12	90	
Topdress	CAN 26% N	60	Split if soils are light

Pests and diseases

<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Symptoms</u>	<u>Management</u>
Leaf spot	disease		Rotation; protectants
Leaf miner	pest		Remove mined leaves; monitor; IPM controls
Root maggot	pest		Covers at planting; rotation; sanitation

Yields

<u>System</u>	<u>Typical</u>	<u>Min</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Notes</u>
open-field	20	12	35	

Region suitability

<u>Country</u>	<u>Region</u>	<u>Suitability</u>
KE	Highlands	N/A
TZ	Northern highlands	N/A
UG	Southwest highlands	N/A

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